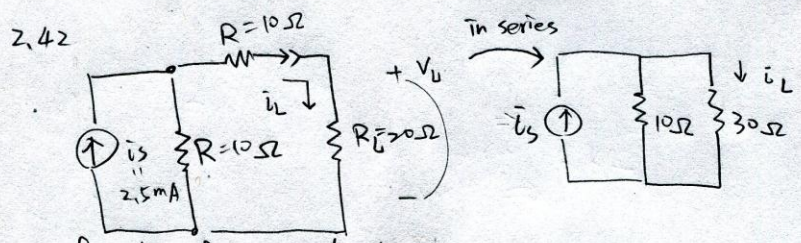


$$R_i = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4R} + \frac{1}{R+R_L}} = \frac{4R^2 + 4R \cdot R_L}{5R + R_L}$$

$$R_{AB} = R + R_i = R_L \Rightarrow \frac{9R^2 + 5RR_L}{5R + R_L} = R_L$$

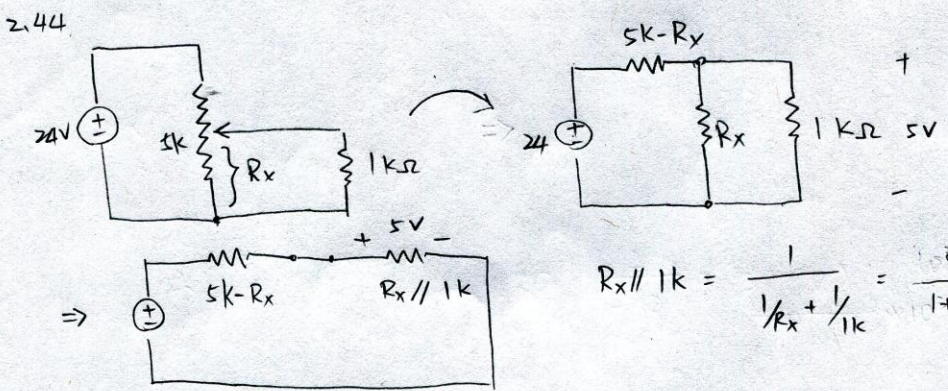
$$9R^2 = 9R^2 \quad R_L = 3R \Rightarrow R = \frac{R_L}{3} *$$



using formula of current division

$$i_L = i_s \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{30}}{\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{10}} = 2.5 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 0.625 \text{ (mA)}$$

Apply Ohm's of  $R_L$ :  $V_L = i_L \cdot R_L = 0.625 \cdot 20 = 12.5 \text{ (mV)} *$



$$R_x // 1k = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_x} + \frac{1}{1k}} = \frac{R_x}{1 + R_x} \text{ (k}\Omega\text{)}$$

Apply formula of voltage division =

$$5 = 24 \cdot \frac{\frac{R_x}{1+R_x}}{\frac{R_x}{1+R_x} + 5 - R_x} = \frac{24 R_x}{R_x + 5 + 4R_x - R_x^2} \text{ (continues) } \downarrow$$

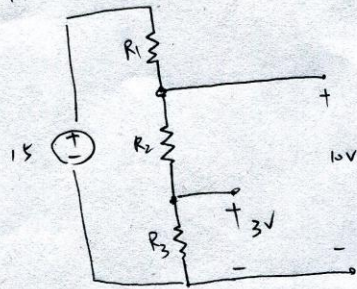
$$24R_x = 25R_x + 25 - 5R_x^2$$

$$5R_x^2 - R_x - 25 = 0$$

$$R_x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{501}}{10} = 2.338 \text{ or } -2.138 \times$$

$$\Rightarrow R_x = 2338 \Omega$$

2.48



Apply formula of voltage divider.

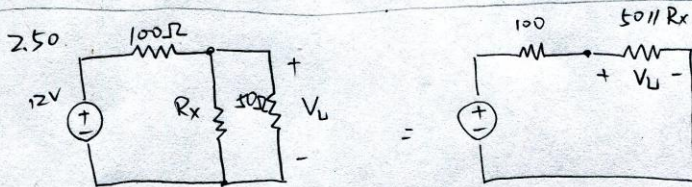
$$3 = 15 \cdot \frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$

$$10 = 15 \cdot \frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$

$$\frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{3}{15}, \quad \frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} = \frac{10}{15}$$

We can choose  $R_1 : R_2 : R_3 = 5 : 7 : 3$  to satisfy the output.

ex:  $R_1 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 7 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ . or scale it with any number.



$$50 \parallel R_x = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{50} + \frac{1}{R_x}} = \frac{50 R_x}{50 + R_x}$$

$$\text{for } V_L = 2 : V_L = 12 \cdot \frac{50 R_x / (50 + R_x)}{100 + 50 R_x / (50 + R_x)} = 12 \cdot \frac{50 R_x}{150 R_x + 1000} = \frac{12 R_x}{3 R_x + 100}$$

$$12 R_x = 3 V_L R_x + 100 V_L$$

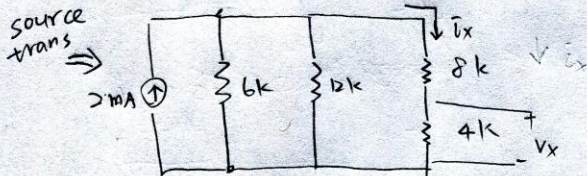
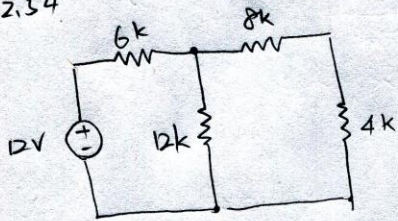
$$R_x = \frac{100 V_L}{12 - 3 V_L}$$

$$\text{for } V_L = 2, \quad R_x = 33.33$$

$$\text{for } V_L = 4, \quad R_x = \infty, \text{ (open wire)}$$

$$\text{for } V_L = 6, \text{ impossible.}$$

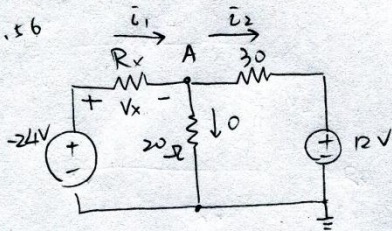
2.54



$$\bar{i}_x = 2 \cdot \frac{1/2}{1/6 + 1/12 + 1/12} = 0,5 \text{ (mA)} \quad (\text{Use the formula of current divider.})$$

$$V_x = \bar{i}_x \cdot R_x = 0,5 \times 10^{-3} \times 4 \times 10^3 = 2 \text{ (V)} \quad *$$

2.56



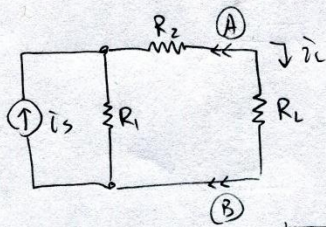
$$\text{Use KCL @ A: } \bar{i}_1 - \bar{i}_2 - \bar{i}_x = 0 \quad \& \quad \bar{i}_x = 0 \Rightarrow \bar{i}_1 = \bar{i}_2$$

$$\bar{i}_x = 0 \Rightarrow V_A = 0$$

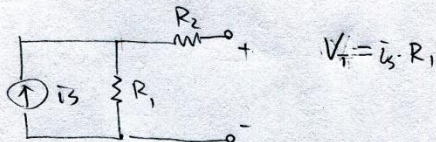
$$\bar{i}_2 = \frac{0 - 12}{30} = -0,4$$

$$R_x = \frac{V_x}{\bar{i}_1} = \frac{-24 - 0}{-0,4} = 60 \text{ (}\Omega\text{)} \quad **$$

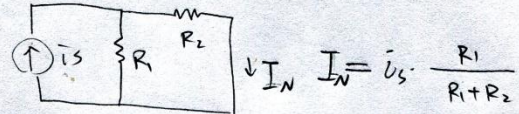
3.36



(a) open :

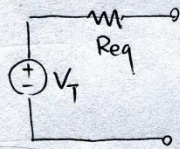


short :

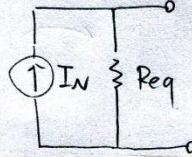


$$R_{eq} = \frac{V_T}{I_N} = R_1 + R_2$$

Thévenin :



Norton :

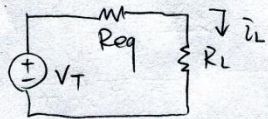
where  $V_T = i_s \cdot R_1$ 

$$R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2$$

$$I_N = \frac{i_s R_1}{R_1 + R_2}$$

Students can also use source transformation and circuit reduction to find Thévenin equivalent

b) Use Thévenin.

where  $V_T = i_s \cdot R_1$ 

$$R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2$$

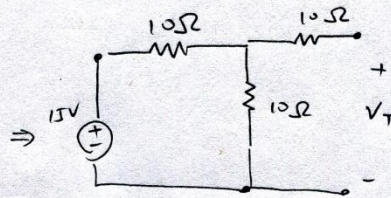
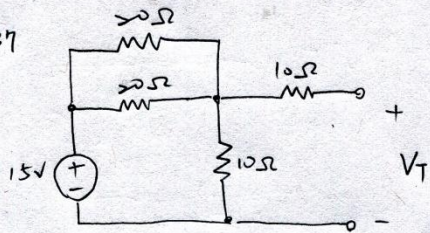
$$i_L = \frac{V_T}{R_{eq} + R_L} = \frac{i_s R_1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_L}$$

c)

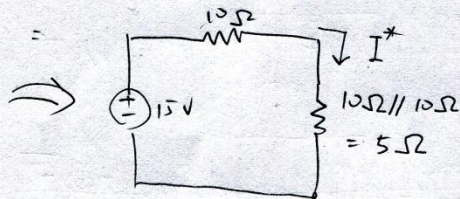
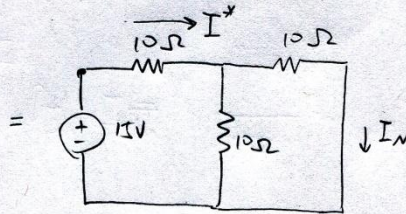
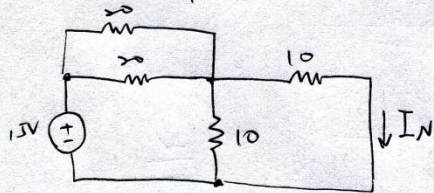
current division :

$$i_L = i_s \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{R_2 + R_L}}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2 + R_L}} = i_s \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_L} \quad *$$

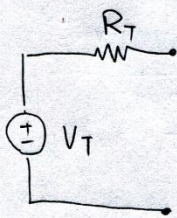
3.37



$$V_T = 15 \cdot \frac{10}{10+10} = 7.5 \text{ V}$$



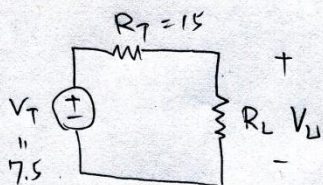
$$I^* = \frac{15 \text{ V}}{15 \Omega} = 1 \text{ (A)} \quad I_N = I^* \cdot \frac{1/10}{1/10 + 1/10} = 0.5 \text{ (A)}$$



Thevenin expression:  $R_T = \frac{V_T}{I_N} = 15 \Omega$

$$V_T = 7.5 \text{ V}$$

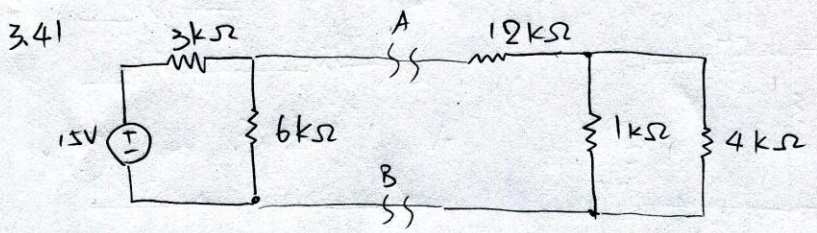
circuit equivalent:



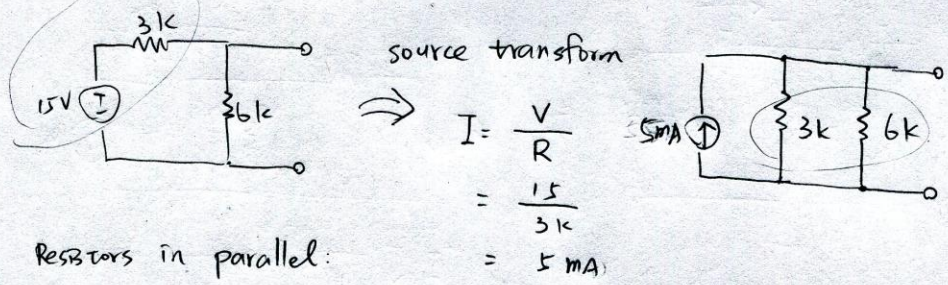
$$R_L = 5 \Omega \quad V_L = V_T \cdot \frac{5}{5+15} = 1.875 \text{ (V)}$$

$$R_L = 10 \Omega \quad V_L = V_T \cdot \frac{10}{10+15} = 3 \text{ (V)}$$

$$R_L = 50 \Omega \quad V_L = V_T \cdot \frac{50}{50+15} = 5.77 \text{ (V)}$$



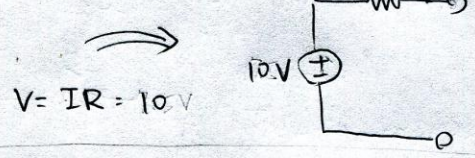
Thévenin of left :



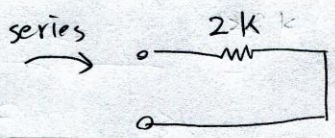
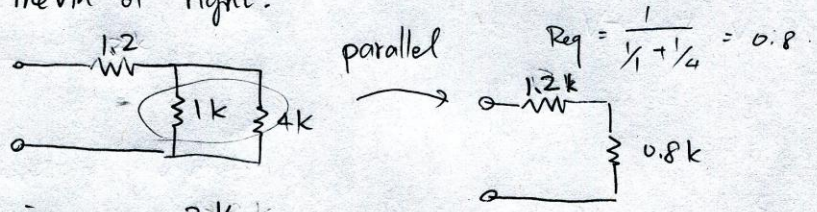
Resistors in parallel:



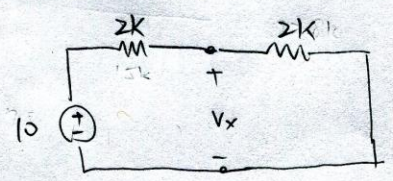
source transform



Thévin of right:



whole circuits:



$$V_x = 10 \cdot \frac{2}{2+2.8} = 5 (V)$$